

بیست ویکمین کنگره بین المللی فیزیولوژی و فارماکولوژی ایران

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Title :	Down-regulation of matrix metalloproteinase-2 activity in a fibrosarcoma cell line by a beta blocker
Authors :	Fatemeh Hajighasemi
Address :	Department of Immunology, Faculty of Medicine, Shahed University, Tehran, Iran
Abstract:	Background: Beta-adrenergic blocking agents have been largely used for treatment of many cardiovascular diseases such as arterial hypertension and ischemic heart failure. Anti-tumoral effects of propranolol (a non selective beta-adrenergic blocker) have been shown. Matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs) are a large family of enzymes which have important role in degradation of extracellular matrix and play a substantial role in tumor invasion and metastasis. Objective: In this study we investigated the effects of propranolol on MMP-2 activity in WEHI-164 fibrosarcoma cell line in vitro. Methods: WEHI-164 fibrosarcoma cells were used in this study. The cells were cultured in complete RPMI medium and then incubated with different concentrations of propranolol (0.3 30 μΜ) for 24 hours. The matrix metalloproteinase-2 (MMP-2) activity in cell-conditioned media was evaluated by gelatin zymography. Results: Propranolol significantly decreased matrix metalloproteinase-2 activity in WEHI-164 fibrosarcoma cells dose dependently. This decrease was shown at 30 μM concentration of the drug compared to untreated control cells. Conclusion: Propranolol might be a useful anti-MMP agent. Thus the anti-tumoral effects of propranolol may be in part due to its inhibitory effect on MMP activity. Propranolol could have potential implication in treatment of MMP- related disorders.
Keywords	Beta blocker, MMP-2, fibrosarcoma